

Vibration Analysis for Two Wheeler Gearbox Casing using FEA

Sagar Pradip Walhekar¹

Prof. R. R. Kharde²

Department of Mechanical Engineering,

P. R. E. C., Loni,

Tal. Rahata, Dist. Ahmednagar,

Maharashtra, India.

e-mail: ¹sagarpwalhekar@gmail.com

²r_r73300@yahoo.co.in

Abstract— The gearbox casing protects the components of gearbox. It provides the fluid tight casing to hold the lubricants and provides support to moving components. Gearbox casing failure is the main problem for the vehicle manufacturer. Noise and vibration are the main reason for failure. So it is required to reduce the level of noise and vibration. In order to prevent failure the natural frequency and natural mode shapes should be known. In this paper, the vibration analysis of two wheeler gearbox casing by adding ribs was performed by finite element simulation using NASTRAN software. Gearbox casing design is a complex procedure. Design of gearbox casing was done by using CATIA, the model is imported in Hyper Mesh for meshing, modal analysis is done by using NASTRAN solver and Hyper View is used as post processor. This analysis is done for finding the natural frequency of gearbox casing in order to prevent resonance. The vibration pattern for first ten modes was studied. The analysis shows the natural frequency of vibration which varies from 857.3 Hz to 4726 Hz. The External excitation on gearbox casing must be eliminated to prevent the fracture of casing. The reason of the fracture is matching of external excitation frequency to natural frequency of gearbox casing. From the result, this analysis shows the range of the natural frequency of two wheeler gearbox casing.

Keywords- Gearbox; Vibration Analysis; NASTRAN, CATIA; HyperMesh.

I. INTRODUCTION

Gears have wide variety of applications. They form the most important component in a power transmission system. A gearbox is a combination of gears that is used to transmit energy through different parts of vehicle. It functions like to increase torque while reducing speed. Gearbox casing is the shell (metal casing) in which a train of gears is sealed. The Gearbox Casing is one of the most critical components of a power transmission system in automobile. The function of the Gearbox Casing is to provide support for the gear drive assembly that transfers power from the engine to the engine accessories and takeoff drive for the automotive accessories. The casing also functions as an oil tight container and passageway for lubrication. The complexity in predicting gearbox casing behaviour under the gear loading, engine loading and engine induced vibration is one of the main challenges of designing a new gearbox with minimum weight. A sequential manual transmission (or sequential manual gearbox) is a non-traditional type of manual transmission used on motorcycles and high-performance cars for auto racing, where gears are selected in order and direct access to specific gears is not possible. With traditional manual transmissions, the driver can move from gear to gear, by moving the shifter to the appropriate position. A clutch must be disengaged before the new gear is selected, to disengage the running engine from the transmission, thus stopping all torque transfer.

Vibration is a mechanical phenomenon whereby oscillations occur about an equilibrium point. The oscillations may be periodic such as the motion of a pendulum or random such as the movement of a tire on a gravel road. More often, vibration is undesirable, wasting energy and creating unwanted sound – noise. For example, the vibration motions of engines, electric motors, or any mechanical device in operation are typically unwanted. Such vibrations can be caused by imbalances in the rotating parts, uneven friction, the meshing of

gear teeth, etc. Careful designs usually minimize unwanted vibrations. Modal oscillation of gearbox casing walls and other elastic structures is very important for the noise emitted by systems into the surroundings. Modal activity of casing walls is in direct relation with the structure and intensity of noise emitted by the gearbox into the surrounding. Therefore, research of modal activities is of general importance for modelling the process of generation of noise in mechanical systems. The noise emitted into the surroundings by the gearbox is mostly the consequence of natural oscillation of the casing.

The purpose of investigating the model of gearbox casing is to reduce the level of vibration; which causes the failure of casing. This work consists to develop a computational process to predict the vibrations of gearbox casing and its reduction.

II. CAD MODEL AND MESHING

Model of Gearbox casing is created in CATIA software. CATIA enables the creation of 3D parts, from 3D sketches, sheet metal, composites, molded, forged or tooling parts up to the definition of mechanical assemblies. The software provides advanced technologies for mechanical surfacing. It provides tools to complete product definition, including functional tolerance. CATIA offers a solution to shape design, styling, surfacing workflow and visualization to create, modify, and validate complex innovative shapes in industrial design.

For meshing the gearbox casing we have used HyperMesh software. Most FEA and CFD software do not have a great meshing algorithm; even when they have it, they do not allow good manual control on the mesh. The result is that after meshing a complicated geometry the mesh is lacking in quality, which means the analysis would either fail or give less than accurate answers. HyperMesh is the most popular software in this regard.

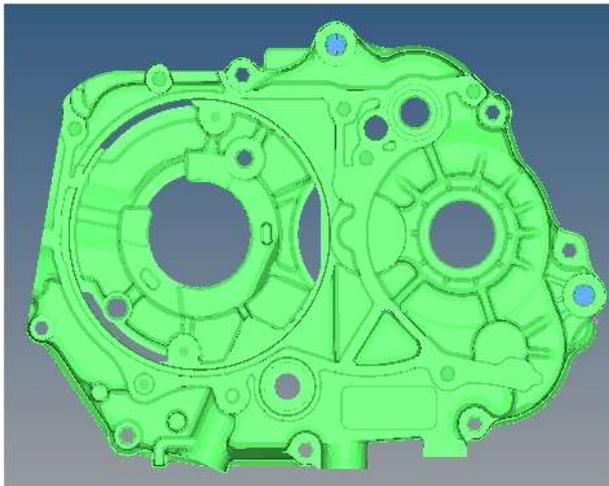


Fig.1 Gearbox casing

HyperMesh enables engineers to receive high quality meshes with maximum accuracy in the shortest time possible. A complete set of geometry editing tools helps to efficiently prepare CAD models for the meshing process. Meshing algorithms for shell and solid elements provide full level of control, or can be used in automatic mode. HyperMesh offers the biggest variety of solid meshing capabilities in the market, including domain specific methods such as SPH, NVH or CFD meshing. The meshed model consists of 23531 nodes and 80867 elements.

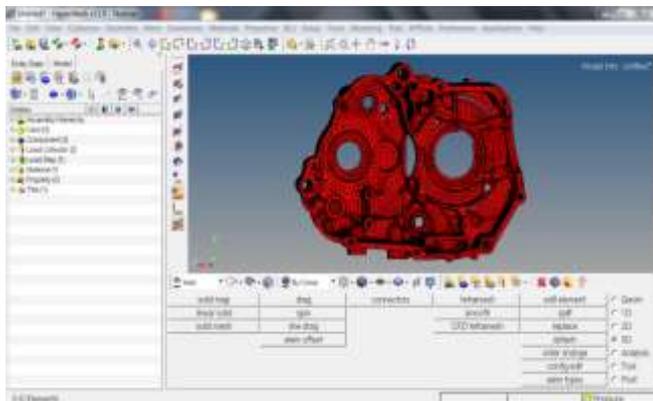


Fig.2 Meshing of Gearbox casing in HyperMesh

III. MATERIAL PROPERTIES

Mechanical properties (Elastic modulus, Poisson ratio and density) are required for free vibration analysis.

Material name for gearbox casing: Aluminium

Modulus of elasticity: $75 \times 10^3 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Poissons ratio: 0.3

Density: 2700 kg/m^3

IV. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

A. Vibration Analysis

MSC Nastran is used to find the natural frequency for first 10 mode shape of two wheeler gearbox casing. MSC Nastran is commonly utilized for performing structural analysis. Although utilized in every industry, it maintains a strong following in aerospace and automotive industries for performing

computational stress and strain analysis of component and system level models of structures. MSC Nastran has continued to evolve and extend capabilities to dynamics, rotor dynamics, nonlinear, thermal, high impact, NVH, fluid structural interactive and fatigue analysis.

The first 10 mode shapes and their corresponding natural frequencies of two wheeler gearbox casing are shown in Fig. 3 to Fig. 12.

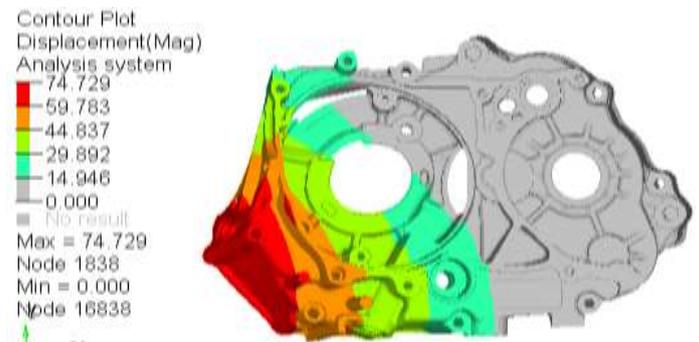


Fig. 3 Mode shape 1, f1= 857.3 Hz

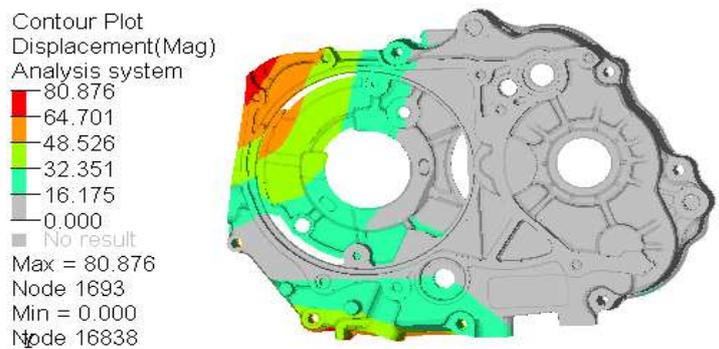


Fig. 4 Mode shape 2, f2= 1839 Hz

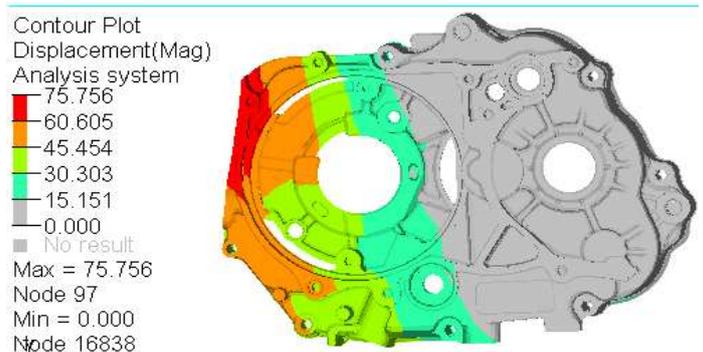


Fig. 5 Mode shape 3, f3= 2335 Hz

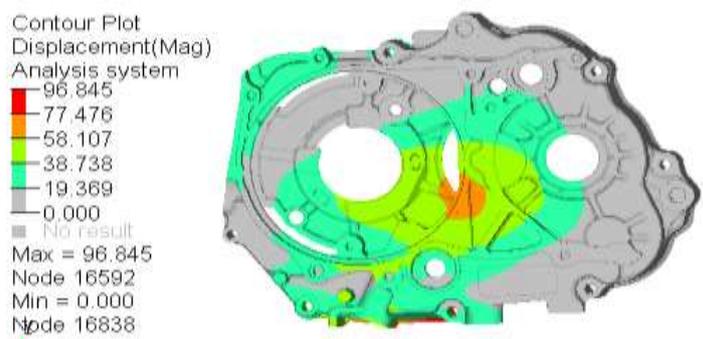


Fig. 6 Mode shape 4, f4= 2927 Hz

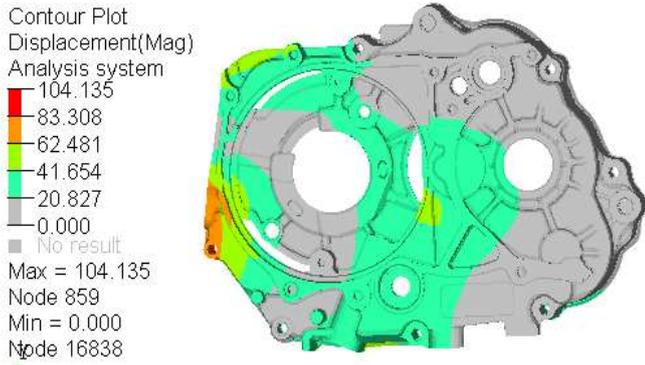


Fig. 7 Mode shape 5, f5= 3191 Hz

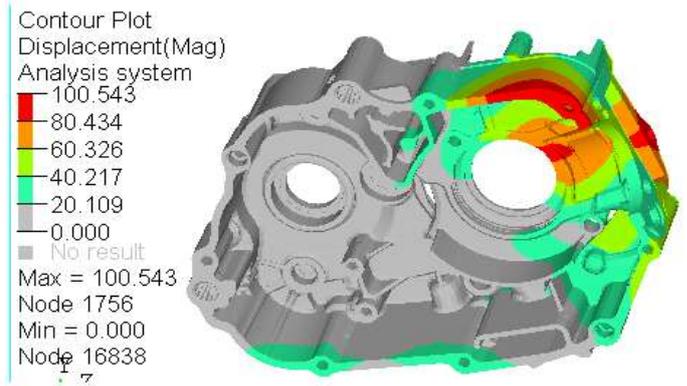


Fig. 11 Mode shape 9, f9= 4614 Hz

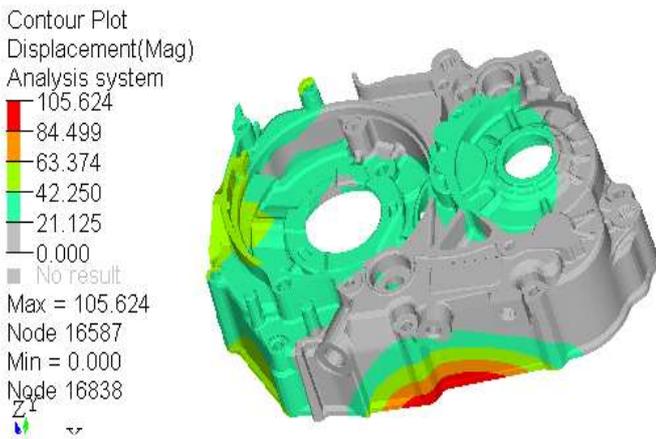


Fig. 8 Mode shape 6, f6= 3995 Hz

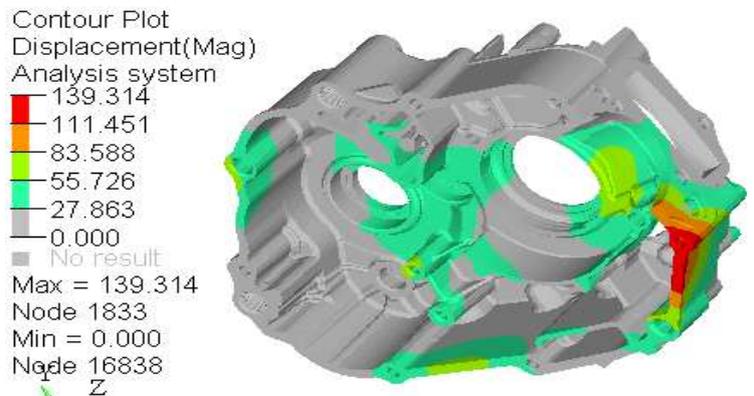


Fig. 12 Mode shape 10, f10= 4726 Hz

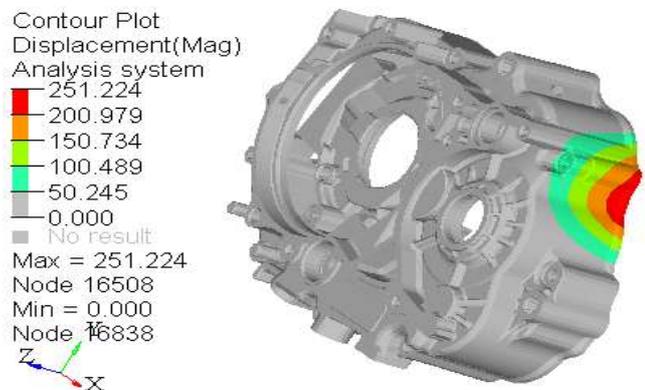


Fig. 9 Mode shape 7, f7= 4195 Hz

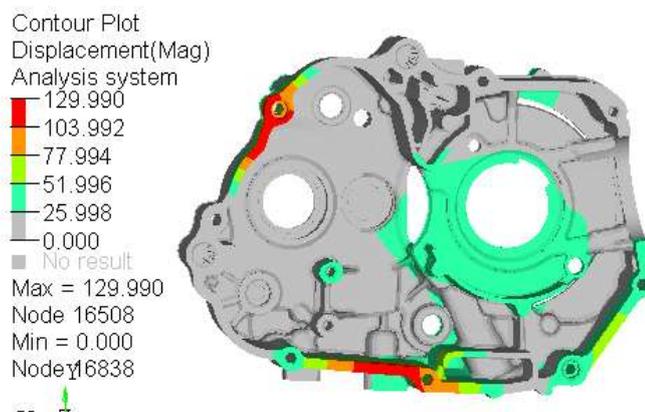


Fig. 10 Mode shape 8, f8= 4310 Hz

B. Static Analysis

Static analysis is carried out to find out the stress in gearbox casing. Load Case: 50MPa pressure or 61 KN load applied at circumferential area as shown in Fig. 13.

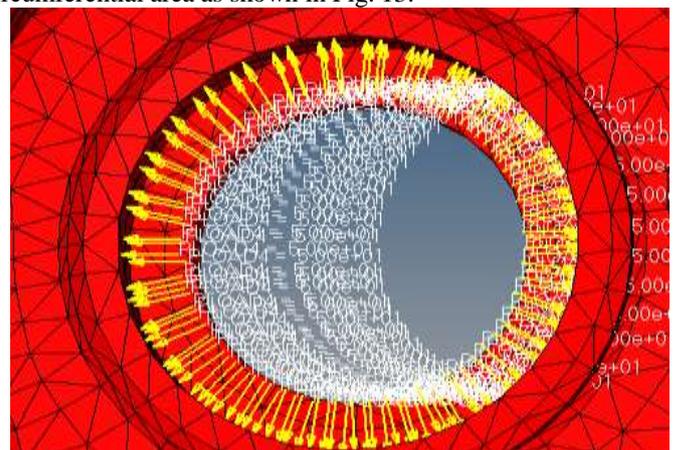


Fig. 13 Load Case

Displacement and stress plot as shown in Fig. 14 and Fig. 15 respectively. Displacement plot shows maximum displacement value 0.05mm. Whereas stress plot shows 140 N/mm² maximum value of von-mises stress.

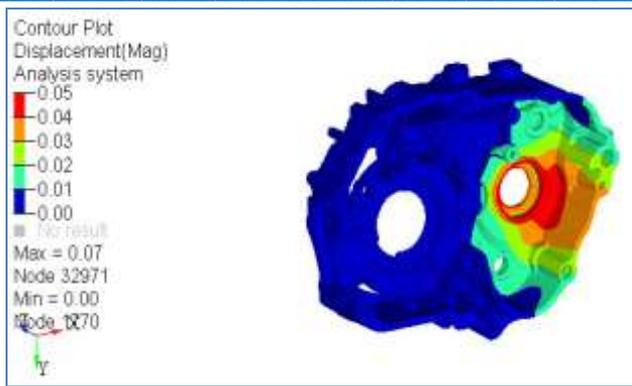


Fig. 14 Displacement plot



Fig. 15 Stress plot

TABLE I. NATURAL FREQUENCY OF GEARBOX CASING

Mode No.	Natural Frequency of Gearbox Casing (Hz)
1	857.3 Hz
2	1839 Hz
3	2335 Hz
4	2927 Hz
5	3191 Hz
6	3995 Hz
7	4195 Hz
8	4310 Hz
9	4614 Hz
10	4726 Hz

V. CONCLUSIONS

It is observed that heavy vibration excitation is the main reason for gearbox casing failure. The analysis results shows that gearbox casing is subjected to Axial bending vibration, torsional vibration and axial bending with torsional vibration. The transmission casing motion is constrained by constraining the displacement of bolt holes. MSC Nastran software has powerful analysis capabilities and CATIA software has a powerful function of solid modeling. They are suited for Finite

Element Analysis of complex shapes. The 3D solid model is prepared by applying CATIA software and is transferred to MSC Nastran. In this work we have considered the vibration problem of the transmission casing using FEA method. Finite Element Analysis offers satisfactory results. First 10 Vibration mode shape has been calculated.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I would like to acknowledge with a great sense of gratitude to my guide and Head of Dept. **Prof. R. R. Kharde** whose valuable guidance and keen interest encouraged me to complete this work in a successful manner and kept an eye to precede me on right track.

REFERENCES

- [1] Amit Aherwar, Md. Saifullah Khalid, Vibration Analysis Techniques for Gearbox Diagnostic: A Review, International Journal of Advanced Engineering Technology, IJAET/Vol. III/ Issue II/April-June, 2012/04-12.
- [2] M. Sofian D. Hazry K. Saifullah M. Tasyrif K.Salleh I.Ishak, A study of Vibration Analysis for Gearbox Casing Using Finite Element Analysis, Proceedings of International Conference on Applications and Design in Mechanical Engineering (ICADME) 11 – 13 October 2009, Batu Ferringhi, Penang, Malaysia.
- [3] Ashwani Kumar and Pravin P Patil, Dynamic Vibration Analysis of Heavy Vehicle Truck Transmission Gearbox Housing Using FEA, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review 7 (4) (2014) 66-72.
- [4] Athisaya Sagaya Rajan, Shaik Usmansha, Optimization & Analysis of Forging Press Gear Box, International Journal of Innovative Research & Development, March, 2014 Vol. 3 Issue 3, 274-287.
- [5] Shrenik M. Patil, Prof. S. M. Pise, Modal and Stress Analysis of Differential Gearbox Casing with Optimization, Journal of Engineering Research and Applications, ISSN : 2248-9622, Vol. 3, Issue 6, Nov-Dec 2013, pp.188-193.
- [6] R. V. Nigade, Prof. T.A.Jadhav, A.M.Bhide, Vibration Analysis of Gearbox Top Cover, International Journal of Innovations in Engineering and Technology, Vol. 1 Issue 4 Dec 2012, 26-33.
- [7] Vasim Bashir Maner, M. M. Mirza, Shrikant Pawar, Design Analysis And Optimization For Foot Casing of Gearbox, Proceedings of 3rd IRF International Conference, 10th May-2014, Goa, India, ISBN: 978-93-84209-15-5.
- [8] Guilian YI, Yunkang SUI, Jiazheng DU, Application of python-based Abaqus preprocess and postprocess technique in analysis of gearbox vibration and noise reduction, Front. Mech. Eng. 2011, 6(2): 229–234.
- [9] Mr.Vijaykumar, Mr.Shivaraju, Mr.Srikanth, Vibration Analysis for Gearbox Casing Using Finite Element Analysis, The International Journal Of Engineering And Science (IJES), Volume 3 Issue 2 Pages 18 – 36, 2014.
- [10] Shengxiang Jia, Ian Howard, ‘Comparison of localised spalling and crack damage from dynamic modelling of spur gear vibrations’, Mechanical Systems and Signal Processing 20 (2006) 332–349.
- [11] Faydor L. Litvin, Alfonso Fuentes, Kenichi Hayasaka, ‘Design, manufacture, stress analysis, and experimental tests of low-noise high endurance spiral bevel gears’, Mechanism and Machine Theory 41 (2006) 83–118.
- [12] Alexander Kapelevich, ‘Geometry and design of involute spur gears with asymmetric teeth’, Mechanism and Machine Theory 35 (2000) 117-130.
- [13] Zhonghong Bu, Geng Liu, Liyan Wu, ‘Modal analyses of herringbone planetary gear train with journal bearings’, Mechanism and Machine Theory 54 (2012) 99–115.
- [14] Jianming Yang, ‘Vibration analysis on multi-mesh gear-trains under combined deterministic and random excitations’, Mechanism and Machine Theory 59 (2013) 20–33.
- [15] Abdalla H El Sherif, ‘Effective Machinery Fault Diagnosis A voids Unnecessary Gearbox Maintenance (Case Study)’, Condition-based Maintenance Management (1989) 308-313.
- [16] E. Tomeh, ‘Identify the Sources of Vibration and Noise on Cars Gearbox by Spectral Analysis’, Lecture Notes in Mechanical Engineering, DOI: 10.1007/978-3-319-05203-8_29.